1. What should you wrap the neck of a glass ampule with before you break it?

2. Phosphorus or elemental sodium should be brushed off the skin instead of irrigated with water because?

3. If you have an intoxicated patient who is only responsive to painful stimuli what concern would you have pertaining to their airway?

4. What are some potentially life-threatening consequences of Pelvic Inflammatory Disease (PID)?

5. You have a unresponsive patient wearing a bracelet stating that he has hemophilia. What kind of life threatening complications can he have? (especially dealing with the brain)

6. During your assessment of a young female with nontraumatic vaginal bleeding, you note that her level of consciousness is decreased, her respirations are rapid and shallow, her skin is cool and moist, and her pulse is rapid and weak. What kind of airway treatment measures should you take?

7. Regardless of the type of poison or the route of exposure, which of the following goals is a focus of poison treatment centers? (Relates to how it is effecting the patient)

8. Organic brain syndrome is MOST accurately defined as?

9. Patients with uncontrolled diabetes experience polyuria because?
10. A 48-year-old male is found unconscious in the garden by his wife. When you arrive at the scene and assess the man, you find that he is unresponsive, has severely labored breathing, and has hives over his entire trunk. What would you want to treat first?

11. In contrast to a behavioral crisis, a psychiatric emergency occurs when a person?

12. A 30-year-old female presents with severe acute pain to the left upper quadrant of her abdomen. During your assessment, she tells you that she has sickle cell disease. You should suspect that? (What organ would be affected in that area and why)

13. The organ through which nutrients and waste products are exchanged between the fetus and the mother is the?

14. Insulin functions in the body by?

15. A major function of the fallopian tubes is the?

16. Which of the following physiologic actions does epinephrine produce when given for an allergic reaction

17. A co-worker tells you she suspects she has developed an allergy to latex gloves. A common sign or symptom you would expect her to have is?
18. Anaphylaxis is MOST accurately defined as a(n)?

19. When a woman presents with abdominal pain or other vague symptoms, the EMT is often unable to determine the nature of the problem until he or she performs what part of the assessment?

20. You respond to a movie theater for a 70-year-old male who is confused. His wife tells you he has type 2 diabetes but refuses to take his pills. Your assessment reveals that the patient is diaphoretic, tachycardic, and tachypneic. Initial management for this patient should include: (One of the first things that you do for everyone)

21. The effects of epinephrine are typically observed within _________ minute following administration

22. "Uppers" are central nervous system medications that produce stimulation. What are some common drugs that are classified as an upper?

23. The deltoid muscle is found?

24. Antidiuretic hormone (vasopressin) in high concentrations has what impact on blood vessels and blood pressure (BP)

25. The pink or cherry-red color associated with carbon monoxide poisoning is from?
26. ______________ is what you can see of a person's response to the environment (how someone acts)

27. Diabetic ketoacidosis occurs when

28. The major side effect associated with ingestion of activated charcoal is?

29. You are dispatched to a local nursery for a 39-year-old female who is sick. When you arrive, you find the patient lying on the floor. She is semiconscious, has copious amounts of saliva coming from her mouth, and is incontinent of urine. You quickly feel her pulse and note that it is very slow. Initial management for this patient should include?

30. You respond to the residence of a 55-year-old female with a possible allergic reaction to peanuts that she ate approximately 30 minutes ago. The patient is conscious and alert, but has diffuse urticaria and the feeling that she has a lump in her throat. As your partner applies oxygen to the patient, you should ask her if she has (someone that would be prescribed to her)

31. It is MOST important for the EMT to remember that suicidal patients may be __? (Deals with harming other people)

32. In contrast to bleeding caused by external trauma to the vagina, bleeding caused by conditions such as polyps or cancer can be (Painful or Painless)?
33. The adrenalin (epinephrine) released in times of stress mediates which body response? (relating to the flight or fight)

34. Severely intoxicated patients should be (dealing with a transport decision)?

35. What are some signs and symptoms of an allergic reaction?

36. Kussmaul respirations are an indication that the body is?

37. An allergen can be defined as a/an?

38. You respond to a residence for a patient who is "not acting right." As you approach the door, the patient, a 35-year-old male, begins shouting profanities at you and your partner while holding a baseball bat. The man is confused and diaphoretic, and is wearing a medical identification bracelet. You should? (pertains to safety)

39. The pancreas is an organ belonging to which two body systems

40. In general, injected poisons are impossible to dilute or remove because they?
41. You and your paramedic partner are caring for a patient who ingested codeine, acetaminophen (Tylenol), and propoxyphene (Darvon). The patient is unresponsive, his breathing is slow and shallow, and his pulse is slow and weak. Treatment for this patient will include: (Also with this treatment you would give Narcan)

42. What are some drugs that are in the sedative-hypnotic family?

43. A person who routinely misuses a substance and requires increasing amounts to achieve the same effect is experiencing a(n)?

44. Heroin is an example of a(n)?

45. In contrast to insulin shock, diabetic coma?

46. When caring for a female patient who has been sexually assaulted, you should place any bloodstained clothing in?

47. Signs and symptoms of a sympathomimetic drug overdose include?

48. In an apparent suicide attempt, a 19-year-old female ingested a full bottle of amitriptyline (Elavil). At present, she is conscious and alert and states that she swallowed the pills approximately 30 minutes earlier. Her blood pressure is 90/50 mm Hg, her pulse is 140 beats/min and irregular, and her respirations are 22 breaths/min with adequate depth. When transporting this patient, you should be MOST alert for?
49. What does the pituitary gland regulate?

50. An antigen is a substance that produces?

51. How should you question someone with a behavior crisis?

52. What are some signs and symptoms of gonorrhea?

53. Define diabetes?

54. Why should you massage the injection site following an injection?

55. What would a gas classified as an irritant do to the lungs?

56. The first priority in the management of an unconscious suspected poison victim is to

57. The first step in assessing a patient with a behavioral emergency is to
58. What hormones does the pancreas produce?

59. The poison control center will be able to provide you with the most information regarding the appropriate treatment for a patient with a drug overdose if the center knows what?

60. What can an Opioid overdose do to the respiratory system?

61. What does alcohol do to the central nervous system?

62. The two MOST common signs of anaphylaxis are?

63. Epinephrine is indicated for patients with an allergic reaction when?

64. Signs of agitated delirium include?

65. Each ovary produces an ovum in alternating months and releases it into the?

66. The endocrine system primarily releases what into the bloodstream?
67. What does diphenhydramine do to histamines?

68. Aspiration is the technique of? (dealing with giving an injection to assure that the needle is not in a blood vessel)

69. A 26-year-old female presents with heavy vaginal bleeding. She is conscious, but restless. Her blood pressure is 84/54 mm Hg, her pulse is 120 beats/min and weak, and her respirations are 22 breaths/min with adequate depth. She tells you that she inserted a tampon about 2 hours ago. You should

70. Common causes of acute psychotic behavior include?

71. Insulin shock will MOST likely develop if a patient does with their insulin?

72. The first five patient rights of drug administration are right patient, right dose, right medication, right route, and right __________?

73. Insulin is secreted by what cells of the islets of Langerhans?

74. You are treating a 40-year-old male with a documented blood sugar reading of 300 mg/dL. The patient is semiconscious and breathing shallowly, and is receiving assisted ventilation from your partner. You should recognize that definitive treatment for this patient includes the administration of what medication?
75. What is found within the red blood cells and is responsible for carrying oxygen?

76. As you enter the residence of a patient who has possibly overdosed, you should be alert for?

77. What are some side effects of epinephrine?

78. A patient weighing 220 pounds weighs _______ pounds?

79. What does a hypnotic drug do to your level of consciousness?

80. What is polyphagia?

81. In the pancreas, amino acids are metabolized into _______ to be used as energy (2 things)

82. What does stridor indicate?

83. The adrenal glands are vital in maintaining the body's balance of (2 things)

84. Exocrine glands secrete substances through?
85. histamines and leukotrienes are responsible for what?

86. Your patient is a 14-year-old boy who was found in a stupor by his mother. When you arrive the boy is lying on his bed, confused and agitated. Vital signs are BP, 140/90; P, 136; R, 26 and shallow. His nose and lips are red and swollen. You suspect what kind of substance abuse?

87. Adrenaline is administered for what kind of emergencies? (reactions)

88. Immediately after giving an epinephrine injection, you should do what with the needle?

89. The most appropriate history that the EMT should take regarding a poisoning incident includes?

90. How long does it take to develop diabetic coma?

91. You receive a call for a domestic dispute. When you arrive at the scene, you find a young male standing on the front porch of his house. You notice that an adjacent window is broken. The patient has a large body, is clenching his fists, and is yelling obscenities at you. Which of the following findings is LEAST predictive of this patient's potential for violence?

92. What do Neutrophils do?
93. What is lysis pertaining to T effector cells?

94. You decide to administer epinephrine 1:1,000 to a patient having an allergic reaction. The patient is a 28lb child. How much medication would you administer if you were using a 3cc syringe?

95. What is the correct dose of epinephrine 1:1,000 for a patient that weighs 112 pounds (round up and use the exact number) It is keyed wrong